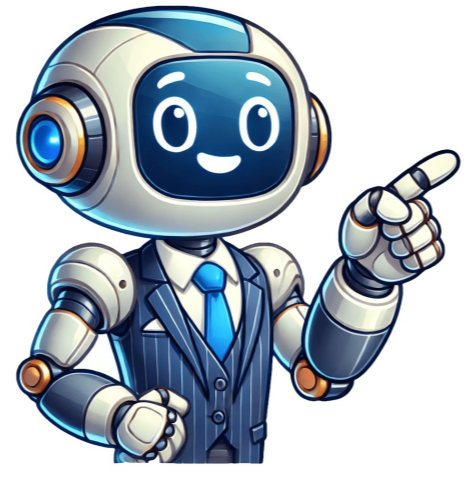


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Nationality and Residency Candidates need to have been resident in the UK for at least 3 years immediately prior to applying for any role. Any nationality can join the City of London Police but if candidates are not British citizens, member of the EEA, you must have a valid visa entitlement to work at the UK. Can you be a police officer if you are not a UK citizen? Applicants must be a British citizen, a member of the EU or other states in the EEA, a Commonwealth citizen or a foreign national free of restrictions. You should also have been resident in the UK for a minimum of three years immediately prior to application. How can an international student become a police officer UK? You will need to complete two years as a student officer before becoming a police constable and then you can decide whether to specialise in a particular area of policing. As of 2020, the College of Policing has said that all new police officers in England and Wales will need to be educated to degree level. How do I become a police officer without qualifications UK? You could start by doing a Police Constable Degree Apprenticeship (PCDA). It's a 3 year work-based programme that leads to a degree in Professional Policing Practice. You can apply through your chosen force. Can I join British police? Age. You must be 17 or older when applying to be a police constable. Applicants who are 17 will progress through the recruitment process, however your start date with the Met would need to be after your 18th birthday. The upper age limit is typically 57. Can foreigners work as police? The citizenship requirements to be a law enforcement officer with a local or state agency will depend upon the individual agency. Some agencies require applicants to be US Citizens or US Nationals. Other agencies open up the requirements to those who are resident aliens. How Long Does Police Training Take UK? Initial training for officers stationed in England, will be held at Southwick Park, Hampshire and usually lasts for 20 weeks. For officers stationed in Scotland, your training will be delivered at Coulport, Helensburgh and usually lasts for 18 weeks (moving to 20 weeks from January 2023). How much do police get paid UK? The average police officer salary in the United Kingdom is £26,324 per year or £13.50 per hour. Entry level positions start at £23,506 per year while most experienced workers make up to £38,203 per year. Do you get paid for police training UK? The Police Constable Degree Apprenticeship (PCDA) enables driven and talented people to get a degree in policing while working and earning a full-time salary starting at £19,164. This will rise to £24,780 in year two and £25,902 in year three. What will disqualify you from being a police officer UK? You've committed offences motivated by hate or discrimination. You've committed offences of domestic abuse. You have an outstanding County Court Judgement (CCJ) if you've been declared bankrupt and your bankruptcy has not been discharged for three years. Can an immigrant become a police officer in UK? Applying to join the police These vary between police forces, but in general you should: be aged 18 or over. be a British citizen, a European Community (EC)/European Economic Area (EEA) citizen, or a foreign national with indefinite leave to remain in the UK without restrictions. Do UK police need a degree? The College of Policing really wants to emphasise that you do not need a degree to become a police officer. However, under the new Policing Education Qualifications Framework (PEQF), you will have to gain a degree if you join through the new Degree Apprenticeship Programme. How much do SWAT get paid UK? An entry level swat officer (1-3 years of experience) earns an average salary of £27,923. On the other end, a senior level swat officer (8+ years of experience) earns an average salary of £47,269. What are the entry requirements for the police UK? 3. Entry requirements Age. You must be aged 17 or older on the date of submitting your application. Education requirements. hold a level 2 in Maths and English (grade C/4 or above) at the time of applying. Driving licence. Nationality and residency. Fitness. Health assessment. Background checks. Disqualifying factors. What is the age limit for the police UK? Candidates aged 17 and above may apply to become a police officer and may take up appointment on reaching the age of 18 or above, if successful. There is no upper age limit for appointment, but it should be noted that police forces want to ensure that they receive a reasonable return on their investment in training. Which country is best for police? Police of China: The Police of China can be counted among the best police force in the world. The innovative training methods of which they undergo has aided a great deal in combating crime. Which country pays highest salary to police? List of Highest Police Departments in the World 2022 United States - California. California is currently one of the highest-paid police departments in the world. Canada - RCMP. Canada is the country with the highest-paid police departments. Switzerland - Zurich. Australia. The United Kingdom - London. Can foreigners join SWAT? Minimum Requirements for SWAT To be considered for a job as a police officer, you must, at a minimum: Be a U.S. citizen. Is UK police training hard? Around 18 - 22 weeks classroom-based training - you'll learn a lot about various aspects of policing, the law and procedures but don't worry, it's definitely not boring! It's normally broken up by role plays and practical sessions. You'll receive first aid and personal safety training. Can you join the police without a degree? You don't need a degree to join the police. Many forces offer the Police Constable Degree Apprenticeship (PCDA) entry route which is a mixture of dynamic practical on-the-job learning alongside academic classroom-based theory and learning. What guns do UK police use? Police Weapons The most common firearms employed by British armed units are the Glock 17 9mm pistol, the Heckler and Koch (H&K) MP5SF 9mm (single fire) carbine and the H&K G36C (single fire) 5.66mm carbine. Walthor P99 - carried by Nottinghamshire Police AF&Os. Becoming a Police Officer is a dream for many across the United Kingdom, but how long does it take to achieve? In this article, we will answer that exact question by providing you with all the relevant information on how long it takes prospective Police Officers to join the force. As of January 2020, there are three key pathways to becoming sufficiently trained to work as a Police Officer in the United Kingdom. Each of the timelines for these pathways will be discussed in more detail throughout this article. To become a trained Police Constable in the United Kingdom, you must undergo various medical and fitness assessments. You must also obtain a degree-level Professional Policing qualification, which, on average, takes between two and three years, providing you already hold sufficient Level 3 qualifications (e.g. A-Levels or BTECs). In summary, becoming a trained Police Officer in the UK takes between two and three years after Sixth Form College, depending on the pathway you select. This answer ignores Continuing Professional Development (CPD), which is the training police officers have to continually undergo whilst in the force, to ensure they are up to date with the latest policing ethics and methods. If you would like some more information in the qualifications that Police Officers need, you may want to take a look at this useful article. To learn more about the three different potential pathways you could take to become a Police Officer, keep reading this article! Pathway 1: How Long Does it Take to Complete a Degree Apprenticeship? This pathway is for those who wish to earn a basic income on their journey to becoming a trained Police Officer. This pathway to becoming a Police Officer entails being taking in by a Police Constable as their apprentice. Over the course of three years, you will learn what it means to be a Police Officer and what will be expected from you by the relevant police force. It gives you an opportunity to learn from first-hand experience while also completing the relevant academic learning. You can find out which forces are currently recruiting apprentices here. This website allows you to search by location and qualification type, and so is a useful tool for anyone interested in becoming a Police Officer. On completion of this apprenticeship, you will have acquired the necessary degree-level qualification that is required in order for you to apply to the force. Furthermore, due to the apprenticeship nature of this pathway, you will have automatically completed your police force probation (if there is one at the time of application) as you will have demonstrated your ability throughout your three years as an apprentice. If you work your best throughout your policing apprenticeship and demonstrate your skills efficiently, there is no reason as to why you couldn't immediately land yourself a UK Policing job. After finishing the course, a (hopefully) glowing reference from your supervisor combined with the initially required, relevant qualifications will put you in a great position to get yourself a job. you will hopefully have a glowing reference from your supervisor combined with the relevant qualifications you initially required. In many situations, it seems as though you are able to go straight from working as an apprentice to working as a Police Officer in the force that you trained with, which is even better! If you would like some more information about the degree apprenticeship route into Policing, take a look at this useful website. Pathway 2: How Long Does it Take to Complete a Professional Policing Degree Immediately after Sixth Form College? For people who have known they wanted to become a Police Officer since the start of their academic life, this pathway seems like the obvious choice, and is therefore the most likely to be taken. If, after completion of your Level 3 qualifications (for most people, this will be A-Level qualifications), you are certain that you want to become a Police Officer, an undergraduate degree in Professional Policing should definitely be the step that you should take towards your career goal. This degree will take three years of study and will put you in prime position to apply to the UK Police Force. It will teach you everything you need to know about the theory of police work and after completion of this degree, it will leave only the practical application of the knowledge you have learnt. This pathway will take just as long as the apprenticeship option that was previously discussed in Pathway 1. That said, completing a degree at university is a great option for those who would like to have a university experience instead of jumping straight into their careers. A university course will enable you to meet new people, and you will find that you have much more freedom as a student than you would as a Police apprentice. However, you should certainly keep in mind that as an apprentice, you can start preparing now to streamline your timeline. Some tips: Earn any required certifications or degrees in advance Build fitness with practice police fitness tests Consider becoming a Special Constable first Research the application process for your target force Speak with current police officers about their career paths Putting in work ahead of time will help you enter training ready to excel and finish quickly. With focus and determination, you can achieve your goal of becoming a constable and embarking on a rewarding public service career. The journey to becoming a police officer in the UK takes dedication and perseverance. But for many, reaching that end goal of actively serving their community makes all the time and effort profoundly worthwhile. Being a police officer is both rewarding and challenging - you'll sometimes need to operate outside of your comfort zone and handle difficult or complex situations. This means you'll need to be able to think on your feet and work well with colleagues as part of an effective team. You'll also need great people skills, remaining calm and patient with members of the public, particularly in stressful or volatile situations. To enable you to do your job safely and effectively, you'll receive world-class training (both classroom-based and on the job) and mentoring, which will see you develop the skills and knowledge you need to be able to: Apply investigative skills and intelligence to solving crimes Deal with safety issues within the community Ensure public order and safety while supporting major police operations Develop an understanding of new technologies Deliver national policing objectives at a community level While each force manages its own training programme, you'll typically have a mix of: Around 18 - 22 weeks classroom-based training - you'll learn a lot about various aspects of policing, the law and procedures but don't worry, it's definitely not boring! It's normally broken up by role plays and practical sessions. You'll receive first aid and personal safety training. You'll also undertake a driving course to give you the on-the-road skills you need to do your job. You'll then typically be assigned to a tutor and spend around three months as part of a response role, developing your on-the-job skills and experience, from taking statements to diffusing tense situations and making your first arrest. And at every step, you'll get lots of support from your tutors and the experienced colleagues you'll be assigned to work with. Discover how Tonya has progressed in her career with the support of her colleagues and mentors - watch the film. Female detective in uniform working on a computer sat at a desk Female detective talks directly to camera As a detective you deal with more serious offences, so things like rape, murder, serious violence. Whereas you probably deal with lower level crimes. So I've got a mentor that kind of assists through my career. I've got a coach that works me, so if you're anything that I want to work on in my career, you know, anything around my personality style or my leadership style. I've got a coach that can help me with that to develop me into a better leader. So I think as an organisation it's really good that I've got people around me, peers that want everyone to do well and motivate you, it's a great environment to work in. It's definitely a supportive environment. Police: Make your difference logo or Download the video transcript There are various ways to join the police, depending on your work, life and educational experience. We welcome applications from people of all backgrounds, cultures and experiences and you don't need a degree to apply. WAYS IN TO POLICING Back to top Close Police training in the UK is a rigorous process that takes a lot of time. How long it takes to go through police training is a crucial fact to take into account for those considering a career in law enforcement. Police training can last for two years for those joining through the traditional route and degree holders. For those beginning as apprenticeships, it can last up to three years. A breakdown of details will be conveyed in the writing below. The training plays a vital role in molding the officers' abilities to uphold the law, protect communities, and ensure public safety. The police training in the UK has various aspects ranging from communication skills and legal education to physical fitness and having a practical scenario; these are geared to equip the trainees with the necessary expertise to navigate the demands of the job. This writing will explore the length of police training, the requirements, the challenges that officers face, and the various types of training they undergo before they can confidently hit the streets. Before we delve into the specifics, let's address the central question: How long does police training in the UK typically take? To give you a quick answer, police training in the UK can vary in duration, but it generally spans approximately 2 to 3 years, depending on the route an individual chooses. Now, let's explore the different aspects of police training in detail. When it comes to becoming a police officer in the UK, there are several routes you can take. The duration of your training will largely depend on the path you choose. Here are the primary routes: The PCDA route is designed for individuals who are new to policing. It typically takes 3 years to complete and combines on-the-job training with academic study. This route is ideal for those who already possess a degree and want to become police officers. The training duration is approximately 18 or older, holding citizenship or residency status, and having a clean criminal record. While having an unrelated degree is acceptable in many police departments, some may require a minimum level of education, such as a high school diploma or an associate's degree. Having a bachelor's degree, even if it's in an unrelated field, can be an advantage. Different police departments or law enforcement agencies may have varying requirements and timelines. Research the specific requirements and application procedures of the department you're interested in. Check their website or contact their recruitment office for details. Regardless of your previous education, you'll need to complete police academy training. This training can last several months and covers a wide range of topics, including law, ethics, physical fitness, and firearms training. The duration may vary by jurisdiction. You'll need to apply to become a police officer, which often involves submitting an application, passing written exams, physical fitness tests, background checks, and interviews. The selection process can take several months. If you pass all the required assessments, you may receive a conditional job offer. This offer is contingent upon completing the police academy training. Police academy training typically lasts around 6 to 9 months, but the duration can vary. During this time, you'll receive intensive training in various aspects of law enforcement. After graduating from the academy, you'll typically enter a probationary period, during which your performance will be closely monitored. The length of this period can vary, but it is often around 12 to 18 months. Some police departments offer specialized units or opportunities for additional training. These can add to the timeline if pursued. Verify that you meet the minimal qualifying requirements first. Although they differ amongst police agencies, generally speaking, you should: Age of 18 or older Be a citizen of the United Kingdom (although there are exceptions, such as if you've served in the British military forces abroad), a citizen of the European Union (EU) with the settled status, or a foreign person having your specified indefinite right to remain in the UK. Possess a degree comparable to an A-level, have served as a police community support officer (PCSO) for 18 months, or have served as a special constable who has been approved for independent patrol service within the last two years. If you have specific criminal convictions, debt issues, or tattoos that can be viewed as offensive, you might not be accepted. Extreme political organizations and their members are not eligible to apply. You frequently need to have a current driver's license in addition to passing fitness, eye, and medical examinations. You are not eligible to apply if you have unsuccessfully applied to a police force within the last six months. Go to the recruitment website of the police department you want to join to check the complete qualifications and see if you qualify. There are various steps in the application process: Filling out a police application participating in an assessment centre Taking medical and fitness testing and interviewing Passing background and security checks, as well as any subsequent evaluation processes, such as a second interview. The police department to which you are applying will be able to give you more information about their hiring procedure. How physically demanding is police training? Police training can be physically demanding, as officers need to be in good shape to perform their duties effectively. Trainees undergo physical fitness assessments and are expected to maintain their fitness throughout their careers. Can I become a police officer without a degree? Yes, you can become a police officer without a degree by choosing the Police Constable Degree Apprenticeship (PCDA) route, which allows you to earn a degree while training on the job. Do police officers receive ongoing training? Yes, police officers receive ongoing training throughout their careers to stay up-to-date with new laws, procedures, and technologies. What are the psychological challenges of police training? Police training can be mentally taxing, as trainees must learn to handle high-stress situations and make split-second decisions. Psychological support and training are provided to help officers cope with these challenges. To do good work and cope with the evolving challenges of law enforcement, police officers in the UK are thoroughly trained to handle a variety of situations. Basic training typically lasts about six full months, during which you'll undergo intensive classroom lessons, practical exercises, and field placement. The more specialized training takes additional time to complete. It is important to know that, regardless of the duration, police officer training is essential for adapting to the demands of protecting communities. Thinkstudent.co.uk Prospects.ac.uk How long is police training in the UK? Being a police officer is the most respectable job that you can think about. They are the key to maintaining peace and following the law in the country. As this job requires a lot of skill, effort, and hard work, you will need to have the proper training to become a police officer in the UK. Here we will help you to know how long is police training. Quick Takeaways Depending on what you choose after completing your sixth-form education becoming a police officer in the UK might take anywhere from two to three years. Police training is hard as you will be going for an 18-22 weeks class training program for becoming UK police. The average annual salary for UK police is about £29,000. The police do need to pay the taxes but they will get tax relief from the government. The main job of the police officer is to maintain order during public gatherings, social gatherings, trade conflicts, or strikes. However, you must read till the end so that you do not miss any important information related to the time taken for police training. In order to become a qualified Police Officer in the UK, you must pass fitness and medical tests. If you currently possess appropriate Level 3 qualifications, you must also complete a degree-level Professional Policing qualification, which typically takes two to three years to complete. In conclusion, we can say that depending on what you choose after completing your sixth-form education becoming a police officer in the UK might take anywhere from two to three years. It means that you will not be able to become a police trainer with the help of 2 weeks courses. Being a police officer is both fulfilling and tough since you frequently have to act outside of your comfort zone. You will need to deal with demanding or complex situations as well. As a result, you'll need to be able to think quickly and collaborate with others. You'll also need to have excellent people skills so that you can deal with the public while maintaining composure and patience, especially in difficult or tense circumstances. Thus the training program for becoming a UK police is both hard and tough at times. It is because the training program will help you to deal with different types of situations. You will be going for an 18-22 weeks class training program for becoming UK police. The average annual salary for UK police is about £29,000. This involves the minimum median annual salary of around £21,000 and the maximum median annual salary is around £40,000. Though this will depend upon the area where you work, your working experience, and other factors. Yes, the police do need to pay the taxes. However, you will get tax relief from the government. Tax relief is a type of government refund that lowers a person's tax liability if they meet the requirements for other types of financial aid. One of the most crucial things about you being a police officer is your outfit. The uniform serves as a sign of the respect and pride that officers should have in their work. It is a recognizable badge of authority to the general public. As a result of a long-standing arrangement between the MPS and HMRC, officers get a tax dispensation each April in the form of a one-time payment of £140.00. You'll be happy to hear that the MPS has taken care of this for you. A degree is not originally required to work as a police officer. Through the Policing Education Qualifications Framework's Degree Apprenticeship Program, you can become a police officer. Though, you must earn a degree throughout this program. This is because all new police officers in England and Wales will need to have a degree, according to the College of Policing. Applications for getting into the police may be submitted as early as age 18. There is no maximum age for joining the police force. Candidates who are at least 18 years old may apply to become police officers. They may accept their positions once they are 18 and a half. Although there is no maximum age for an appointment, keep in mind that the standard retirement age is 55 and that new hires must complete a two-year probationary period. Following are the job responsibilities that you will be following as a police officer- Maintaining order during public gatherings, social gatherings, trade conflicts, or strikes. Help mitigate highly volatile circumstances with consideration for everyone's safety. Be sensitive when handling situations like addressing sexual offences. Submitting the reports of internal crime and criminal intelligence. Arrange crime reports and case files for senior officers and attend and provide testimony in court and at other hearings. Conducting arrests with due consideration for the human rights and health and safety of detained individuals. Performing preliminary investigations, gathering information, interviewing witnesses, and adhering to all applicable legal requirements. To achieve community safety and crime reduction goals. Following are the steps to becoming a police officer- Before applying to the police force, you can pursue a level 2 or level 3 diploma in public service, according to the National Careers Service. Alternatively, you could begin by completing a police constable degree apprenticeship. You can apply to join a police force once you're ready. The National Career Services, however, states that you can only apply to one police department at a time. If your application is accepted, the police department will invite you to an assessment center for an interview and written examination. Pass the physical exam and then pass the background check. Complete the training program and start your journey as your police officer. Becoming a police officer is the most prestigious job you can imagine. Because this job requires a lot of skill, effort, and hard work, you will need proper training to become a police officer in the United Kingdom. To become a qualified Police officer in the United Kingdom, you must first pass a series of fitness and medical tests. Depending on your options after completing your sixth-form education to becoming a police officer, it could take two to three years. Professional Policing Degree Holder - If you haven't already been to university, you can embark on a three-year BSc Professional Policing programme before applying to a force and following a shorter period of on-the-job training. By pursuing this route, you'll need to be prepared to fund the degree yourself. Takedown request | View complete answer on prospects.ac.uk How long does it take to become an officer in the UK? It's a 3 year work-based programme that leads to a degree in Professional Policing Practice. You can apply through your chosen force. If you want to work in non-emergency response situations you could do a serious and complex crime investigator degree apprenticeship. Takedown request | View complete answer on nationalcareers.service.gov.uk How long is the training for police? The duration of the training in the Police Academy varies for the different agencies. It usually takes about 13 to 19 weeks on average but can last up to six months. Takedown request | View complete answer on golawenforcement.com Is joining the police hard UK? But being a police officer isn't for everyone - it's one of the most challenging careers you can choose, being physically, mentally and emotionally demanding. You should consider whether you can: Deal with the complex and sensitive cases, requiring clear reasoning and evidence gathering. Takedown request | View complete answer on joiningthepolice.co.uk Do you get paid during police training UK? Your salary starts when you begin the Police Now Academy. Some of our graduates seek promotion after they have successfully completed our two-year programme and you can get support from Police Now on this. With promotion up the ranks comes increased responsibility and salary. 21 related questions found Being a police officer is both rewarding and challenging - you'll sometimes need to operate outside of your comfort zone and handle difficult or complex situations. This means you'll need to be able to think on your feet and work well with colleagues as part of an effective team. Takedown request | View complete answer on joiningthepolice.co.uk Salary. The starting salary for police constables in England, Wales and Northern Ireland is £21,402, rising to £41,130 at the top of the scale - achievable after about seven years. In Scotland starting salaries are slightly higher at £26,737, rising to £41,578 after about ten years' service. Takedown request | View complete answer on prospects.ac.uk Nationality and Residency Candidates need to have been resident in the UK for at least 3 years immediately prior to applying for any role. Any nationality can join the City of London Police but if candidates are not British citizen, member of the EEA, you must have a valid visa entitlement to work at the UK. Takedown request | View complete answer on careers.cityoflondon.police.uk This job is like no other. There is a huge learning curve and can be very rewarding both financially and otherwise. However very stressful and many now leave soon after joining due to pressures at work and near constant criticism. You need a thick skin. Takedown request | View complete answer on uk.indeed.com A three- to six-month police training program is required. Physical agility, strength, fitness and vision requirements must be met, and psychological or other tests are also required. Specialized training or certification may be required for certain areas of policing. Takedown request | View complete answer on jobbank.gc.ca Recruitment times can vary by force so it's worth checking when you apply what the expected timelines may be. In many instances it will take around 4-6 months, but it may be less or more than that depending upon the volume of candidates at any given time and how individuals progress through the various stages. Takedown request | View complete answer on joiningthepolice.co.uk Age. You must be 17 or older when applying to be a police constable. Applicants who are 17 will progress through the recruitment process, however your start date with the Met would need to be after your 18th birthday. The upper age limit is typically 57. Takedown request | View complete answer on met.police.uk In the United Kingdom police firearm policy varies by constituent countries. In Northern Ireland, all police officers carry firearms whereas in the rest of the United Kingdom, firearms are carried only by specially-trained firearms officers. The arming of police in Great Britain is a much debated topic. Takedown request | View complete answer on en.wikipedia.org Top companies for Police Officers in EnglandHumberdale Police. 3.5 £62,484per year. 53 reviews16 salaries reported.CLEVELAND POLICE. 3.1 £60,226per year. 32 reviews20 salaries reported.SOUTH WALES POLICE. 3.8 £37,920per year. ... Northumbria Police. 3.7 £35,453per year. ... Suffolk Constabulary. 3.7 £33,934per year. ... Show more companies. Takedown request | View complete answer on uk.indeed.com As well as offering the chance of a rewarding career, there are other benefits to becoming a police officer. Pay. ... Annual leave. ... Shift work and work-life balance. ... Pension scheme. ... GMP's Sports and Social Club. ... Eligibility for Blue Light Card. ... Access to a Credit Union. ... Wellbeing support. Takedown request | View complete answer on gmp.police.uk Experienced staff in England, Wales and Northern Ireland earn between £43,963 and £46,277 as a sergeant, £52,698 and £57,162 as an inspector, £58,332 and £60,732 as a chief inspector, £70,173 to £82,861 as a superintendent and £86,970 to £91,749 as a chief superintendent. Takedown request | View complete answer on prospects.ac.uk Visible tattoos are deemed unacceptable, for example those located on the neck, face or hands or if they could reasonably be interpreted as: discriminatory, offensive, indicative of attitudes or views which are inconsistent with the College of Policing's code of ethics and standards of professional behaviour. Takedown request | View complete answer on kent.police.uk The majority of police officers carry out lone working duties for more than 50 percent of their time. Officers are also classed as mobile workers, for example when on patrol. Officers in uniform patrol on their own, in vehicles or on foot. Civilian staff occasionally work alone in the enquiry office. Takedown request | View complete answer on hse.gov.uk These include: Any offence that has resulted in a prison sentence (including suspended or deferred) You are, or have been, a registered sex offender or are subject to a registration requirement in respect of any other conviction. You are currently on the Police Barred List. Takedown request | View complete answer on joiningthepolice.co.uk Police Officer Salaries in London The average salary for Police Officer is £39,587 per year in the London. The average additional cash compensation for a Police Officer in the London is £2,156, with a range from £278 - £16,746. Takedown request | View complete answer on glassdoor.co.uk